Provincial Policy Statement 2014:

- 1.1 Managing and Directing Land Use to Achieve Efficient and Resilient Development and Land Use Patterns
 - 1.1.1 Healthy, liveable and safe communities are sustained by:
 - a. accommodating an appropriate range and mix of residential (including second units, affordable housing and housing for older persons), employment (including industrial and commercial), institutional (including places of worship, cemeteries and long-term care homes), recreation, park and open space, and other uses to meet long-term needs
- 1.1.2 Sufficient land shall be made available to accommodate an appropriate range and mix of land uses to meet projected needs for a time horizon of up to 20 years. However, where an alternate time period has been established for specific areas of the Province as a result of a provincial planning exercise or a provincial plan, that time frame may be used for municipalities within the area.

Within settlement areas, sufficient land shall be made available through intensification and redevelopment and, if necessary, designated growth areas.

- 1.1.3.1 *Settlement areas* shall be the focus of growth and development, and their vitality and regeneration shall be promoted.
- 1.1.3.2 Land use patterns within *settlement areas* shall be based on:
- a. densities and a mix of land uses which:
 - 1. efficiently use land and resources;
 - 2. are appropriate for, and efficiently use, the *infrastructure* and *public service facilities* which are planned or available, and avoid the need for their unjustified and/or uneconomical expansion;
 - 3. minimize negative impacts to air quality and climate change, and promote energy efficiency;
 - 4. support active transportation;
 - 5. transit-supportive, where transit is planned, exists or may be developed; and
 - 6. are freight-supportive; and
- b. a range of uses and opportunities for *intensification* and *redevelopment* in accordance with the criteria in policy 1.1.3.3, where this can be accommodated.

1.1.3.3 Planning authorities shall identify appropriate locations and promote opportunities for *intensification* and *redevelopment* where this can be accommodated taking into account existing building stock or areas, including *brownfield sites*, and the availability of suitable existing or planned *infrastructure* and *public service facilities* required to accommodate projected needs.

Intensification and redevelopment shall be directed in accordance with the policies of Section 2: Wise Use and Management of Resources and Section 3: Protecting Public Health and Safety.

- 1.1.3.4 Appropriate development standards should be promoted which facilitate *intensification*, *redevelopment* and compact form, while avoiding or mitigating risks to public health and safety.
- 1.1.3.5 Planning authorities shall establish and implement minimum targets for *intensification* and *redevelopment* within built-up areas, based on local conditions. However, where provincial targets are established through *provincial plans*, the provincial target shall represent the minimum target for affected areas.
- 1.1.3.6 New development taking place in *designated growth areas* should occur adjacent to the existing built-up area and shall have a compact form, mix of uses and densities that allow for the efficient use of land, *infrastructure* and *public service facilities*.

Growth Plan 2017

- 2.2 Policies for Where and How to Grow
- 2.2.1 Managing Growth
 - 2. Forecasted growth to the horizon of this Plan will be allocated based on the following:
 - a. the vast majority of growth will be directed to settlement areas that:
 - i. have a delineated built boundary:
 - ii. have existing or planned *municipal water and wastewater systems*; and
 - iii. can support the achievement of complete communities;
 - c. within settlement areas, growth will be focused in:
 - i. delineated built-up areas;
 - ii. strategic growth areas;
 - iii. locations with existing or planned transit, with a priority on *higher* order transit where it exists or is planned; and
 - iv. areas with existing or planned public service facilities;

- 4. Applying the policies of this Plan will support the achievement of *complete* communities that:
 - feature a diverse mix of land uses, including residential and employment uses, and convenient access to local stores, services, and public service facilities;
 - b. improve social equity and overall quality of life, including human health, for people of all ages, abilities, and incomes;
 - c. provide a diverse range and mix of housing options, including second units and *affordable* housing, to accommodate people at all stages of life, and to accommodate the needs of all household sizes and incomes;
 - d. expand convenient access to:
 - i. a range of transportation options, including options for the safe, comfortable and convenient use of *active transportation*;
 - ii. *public service facilities*, co-located and integrated in community hubs:
 - iii. an appropriate supply of safe, publicly-accessible open spaces, parks, trails, and other recreational facilities; and
 - iv. healthy, local, and affordable food options, including through urban agriculture;
 - e. ensure the development of high quality *compact built form*, an attractive and vibrant *public realm*, including public open spaces, through site design and urban design standards;
 - f. mitigate and adapt to climate change impacts, build resilience, reduce greenhouse gas emissions, and contribute towards the achievement of low-carbon communities; and
 - g. integrate green infrastructure and low impact development

2.2.2 Delineated Built-up Areas

- 4. All municipalities will develop a strategy to achieve the minimum intensification target and *intensification* throughout *delineated built-up areas*, which will:
 - a. encourage intensification generally to achieve the desired urban structure;
 - b. identify the appropriate type and scale of development and transition of built form to adjacent areas;
 - c. identify *strategic growth areas* to support achievement of the intensification target and recognize them as a key focus for development;
 - d. ensure lands are zoned and development is designed in a manner that supports the achievement of *complete communities*;
 - e. prioritize planning and investment in *infrastructure* and *public service facilities* that will support *intensification*; and
 - f. be implemented through official plan policies and designations, updated zoning and other supporting documents

Livable Oakville

23. KERR VILLAGE

Kerr Village is bounded by Lakeshore Road West to the south and the railway tracks to the north, and lies east of Maurice Drive and west of Queen Mary Drive. Kerr Street is the main street of the village, where a mix of commercial, residential and institutional land uses are found.

Kerr Village will accommodate *intensification* through new *development* with a mix of residential and commercial uses. The Village will also continue to function as a location for institutional, recreational and public open space uses.

23.2 Objectives

As Kerr Village develops, the Town will, through public actions and in the process of reviewing planning applications, use the following objectives to guide decisions.

23.2.1 Create opportunities for new, sustainable growth by promoting compact urban form with higher density development through compatible development and redevelopment opportunities.

23.5.3 Land Use Policies

The lands located between the properties designated Main Street 1 south of Lakeshore Road West, and the properties designated Low Density Residential on the north side of Burnet Street, from Brock Street to Forsythe Street, are a transition area, as implemented by the Zoning By-law, and subject to the following additional policies:

- a) Medium Density Residential uses shall be permitted.
- b) Limited commercial uses that are non-retail and do not generate major traffic and noise may also be permitted at 79, 82 and 86 Wilson Street. *Development* in the transition area shall:
 - i) enhance the quality of the existing surrounding residential context;
 - ii) contribute to a sensitive transition from the lands to the north of the transition zone with those to the south;

- iii) be *compatible* with adjacent, existing *development* with respect to scale, form and *character*; and,
- iv) be sensitive to neighbouring heights, massing, setbacks from the street, distance between buildings, architectural form, colour and materials.

11.2 Low Density Residential

11.2.1 Permitted Uses

The Low Density Residential land use designation may permit a range of low density housing types including detached dwellings, semi-detached dwellings and duplexes.

- 11.2.2 A density of up to 29 dwelling units per *site hectare* may be permitted in areas designated Residential Low Density.
- 11.3 Medium Density Residential

11.3.1 Permitted Uses

The Medium Density Residential land use designation may permit a range of medium density housing types including *multiple-attached dwelling* units, apartments, retirement homes and long-term care homes. Existing detached and semi-detached dwellings are permitted.

- 11.3.2 The density range is to be between 30 to 50 dwelling units per *site hectare*.
- 11.4 High Density Residential

11.4.1 Permitted Uses

The High Density Residential land use designation may permit a range of high density housing types including *multiple-attached dwelling* units, apartments, retirement homes and long-term care homes.

11.4.2 The density range is to be between 51 to 185 units per *site hectare*.