Oakville Public Library Board

Q1 2022 - 2019 PERFORMANCE AND MEASURES COMPARISON REPORT

This report highlights Oakville Public Library's (OPL) performance measures for Q1 of 2022 in comparison with Q1 of 2019 in order to provide a better understanding of how the Q1 2022 level of activity compares to pre-pandemic times. In-person programs did not take place during January – February 2022. All branches moved to full hours on January 30, 2022.

Q1 Overview - YTD

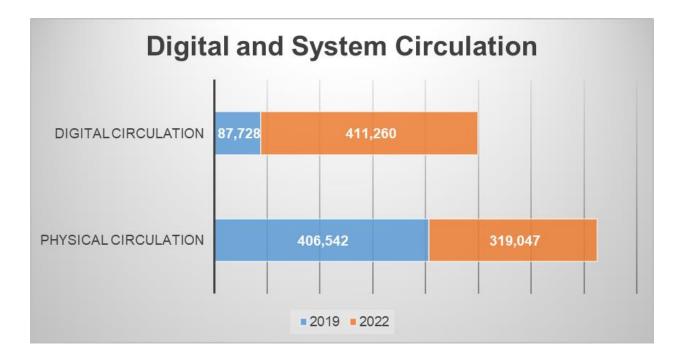
Measure	2019-Q1 YTD	2022 – Q1 YTD	% Change
Physical Circulation	406,542	319,047	-22%
Digital Circulation	87,728	411,260	369%
Total Circulation	494,270	730,307	48%
Phone calls	8,938	8,800	-2%
Email enquiries	953	1,089	14%
Website sessions	241,730	160,883	-33%
Total Bibliocommons use	317,958	306,780	-4%
Public Access computer sessions	19,994	5,103	-74%
Items printed	15,831	5,496	-65%
Event attendance	197	0	-100%
Program attendance	16,603	2,656	<mark>-84</mark> %
Total foot traffic*	298,638	109,294	-63%

*Central Library footfall is calculated at 70% of the total for the two sets of gates.

Circulation

Summary:

- Physical circulation is approximately 80% of pre-pandemic circulation.
- The digital circulation changes should be looked at individually by vendor in order to get an accurate understanding of activity.
- cloudLibrary is showing a decrease in circulation, however it is important to note that in 2019 this was on a different platform (Overdrive).
- LinkedIn Learning shows a significant increase because up until April 2021, circulation is defined as the number of certificates that have been completed. With the move to the new platform (LinkedIn Learning) as of April 2021, circulation is defined as the number of videos completed.



Circulation by type:

Circulation	2019 – Q1 YTD	2022 – Q1 YTD	% Change
Physical Circulation	406,542	319,047	-22%
Digital Circulation	87,728	411,260	369%

Digital Circulation by Vendor:

Vendor	2019 – Q1 YTD	2022 – Q1 YTD	% Change
cloudLibrary**	55,610	44,014	-21%
Hoopla	11,020	10,990	0%
Kanopy	3,135	7,242	131%
LinkedIn Learning*	196	8,853	4417%
Flipster***	17,767	4,471	-75%
PressReader	N/A	335,690	N/A
Total Digital Circulation	87,728	411,260	369%

*Lynda.com in 2019, **Overdrive in 2019, ***RBDigital in 2019

Physical Circulation by Branch:

Branch	2019 – Q1 YTD	2022 – Q1 YTD	% Change
Central	65,681	41,921	-36%
Clearview	17,668	15,965	-10%
Glen Abbey	130,024	99,282	-24%
Iroquois Ridge	97,895	72,422	-26%
Online*	3,125	716	-77%
OPL Express @ QEPCCC	935	520	-44%
OPL Express @ St. Luke's CC	N/A	157	N/A
OPL Express @ Sixteen Mile SC	1,269	625	-51%
Sixteen Mile**	N/A	24,754	N/A
White Oaks	35,663	26,476	-26%
Woodside	54,282	36,209	-33%
Total	406,542	319,047	-22%

*Online and phone renewals

**Sixteen Mile opened Q2 of 2019

InterLibrary Loan

Summary:

- ILLO activity has decreased by about 50% overall.
- ILLO services have been slow to return across the province with the majority having resumed as of Q2 2022.

Requests Rec	eived		Requests Le		
2019 – Q1	2022 – Q1	% Change	2019 – Q1 2022 – Q1 % Cha		
891	380	-57%	1,089	469	-57%



Customer Placed			Staff Placed		
2019 – Q1	2022 – Q1	% Change	2019 – Q1	2022 – Q1	% Change
402	171	-57%	489	211	-57%

Cardholders

Summary:

- It is encouraging to see that there was an increase in card registrations in Q1 2022 vs. 2019. It speaks to the community's interest in using the branches and the services offered.
- Due to lower activity in the last 2 years and clean-up of the database, the number of active cardholders has significantly decreased since 2019.

Measure	2019 – Q1 YTD	2022 – Q1 YTD	% Change
New Cardholders	2,952	3,072	4%
Total Cardholders	84,580	83,288	-2%
Total active cardholders	63,725	49,101	-23%

Programs and Events

Summary:

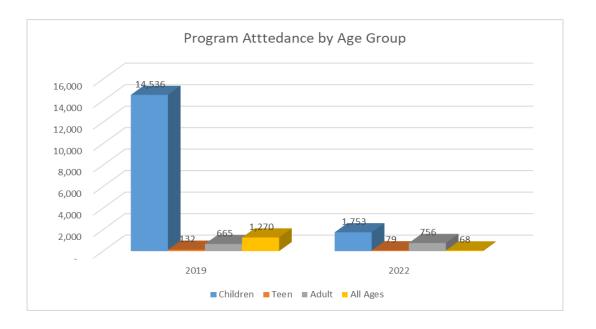
- OPL offered virtual programs for January and February and re-introduced in-person programs in March 2022. In March, OPL offered virtual, in-person and pre-recorded sessions to ensure all Oakville residents could participate comfortably and safely.
- Teens are more likely to attend virtual programs, evidence we have seen over the last two years and this shows in the comparison below.

Programs by Attendance and # of Sessions:

	Attendance YTD			# of Sessions YTD		
Туре	2019 Q1 YTD	2022 Q1	% Change	2019 Q1 YTD	2022 Q1 YTD	% Change
Children	14,536	1,753	-88%	538	147	-73%
Teen	132	79	-40%	16	9	-44%
Adult	665	756	14%	95	64	-33%
All Ages	1,270	68	-95%	23	5	-78%
Total	16,603	2,656	-84%	672	225	-67%

Events by Attendance and # of Sessions:

	Attendance YTD			# of Sessions YTD		
Туре	2019 Q1 YTD	2022 Q1 YTD	% Change	2019 Q1 YTD	2022 Q1 YTD	% Change
Adult	65	0	-100%	1	0	-100%
In Conversation With	132	0	-100%	1	0	-100%
Total	197	0	-100%	2	0	-100%



Digital Presence

Summary:

- Social media followers have increased since 2019 as expected.
- While it is challenging to attribute the decrease in website sessions to a particular factor, it is important to understand that looking up program information online in addition to using the library's catalogue are the two main activities customers engage in. With a limited number of programs in January and February 2022 and in-person programs starting only in March 2022, it is likely fewer people visited the website for this purpose.

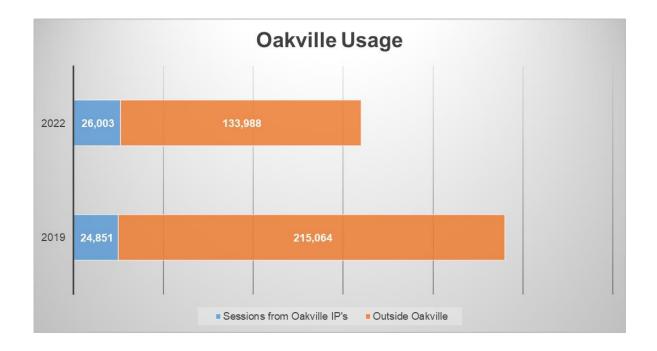
	2019 Q1 YTD	2022 Q1 YTD	% Change
Website Sessions	241,730	160,883	-33%
Bibliocommons sessions	206,455	248,868	21%
Bibliocommons App sessions*	111,503	57,912	-48%
Total Bibliocommons Use	317,958	306,780	-4%
Facebook followers	3,358	3,799	13%
Instagram followers	1,492	4,056	172%
Twitter Followers	4,385	5,146	17%

*Starting in 2022 this number is approximate. See Definitions section for the calculation.

Halton Information Providers

• HIP database usage is about 30% lower than 2019, which is in line with OPL's website usage.

Measure	2019- Q1 YTD	2022- Q1 YTD	% Change
Database sessions	239,915	159,991	-33%
Unique Visitors*	37,566	43,009	14%
Training sessions	7	3	-57%
Outreach	3	10	233%



Overview section:

Phone calls: Calls received through the branch's main number which includes callers that were directed to Adult information, Children Info, or transferred to the self-serve options, etc. *These are calls received at all times, not only during open hours.*

Email enquiries: Include in addition to emails received by OPL Reference, also the Customer feedback form on the website and the Bibliocommons feedback form. This field represents all email electronic contact with customers received via the <u>OPLReference@Oakville.ca</u>.

Public access computer sessions: Count of users who have logged into a public access computer in a designated timeframe.

Items printed: Count of items printed at a print station, not including items that were sent to the print station and deleted or expired.

Branch visits / foot traffic: Count of users entering an OPL branch through a set of security gates in a designated timeframe. Central Library (2 sets of gates on 2 floors) is recorded as 70% of the total numbers reported.

Circulation Section:

Physical circulation: Count units or items of materials the library circulated in all physical formats to all users, including renewals in a designated timeframe. The data includes all items circulated at a location (first time check-outs and renewals) but excludes items checked out to a number of system cards used for operational purposes.

Digital circulation by Vendor (reported as Digital Circulation): Count units or items of materials the library circulated in the following digital formats (cloudLibrary, Hoopla, Kanopy, LinkedIn Learning, Flipster, PressReader) to all users, including renewals in a designated timeframe. Data provided by the vendors as outlined below.

cloudLibrary: defines circulation as each item that is checked out on a borrower's account. These items include eBooks and eAudiobooks.

Hoopla: defines circulation as each item that is checked out on a borrower's account. These items include digital versions of television episodes, movies, music albums, books, audiobooks, and graphic novels / comics. BingePasses are also included.

Kanopy: defines circulation as each 'play' on a digital video.

LinkedIn Learning (Lynda.com prior to April 2021): Up until April 2021, it defines circulation as the number of certificates that have been completed. Each course completed results in a certificate. Customers have unlimited courses and certificates available to them. It should be noted that there are Lynda.com users who use this service but do not complete their certificates, which means they are not captured in these particular metrics. With the move to the new platform (LinkedIn Learning), as of April 2021, circulation is defined as the number of videos completed.

Flipster: Online views plus total downloads. Online Views are the total number of online views for a complete magazine on a web browser. When viewing a magazine online (i.e. through web browser), the entire magazine is downloaded. Total downloads are total downloads for a complete magazine to the Flipster app.

PressReader: Counting article opened which are the number of articles viewed by a user.

eNewspapers and Databases: Includes databases such as Ancestry and NoveList and newspapers such as Oakville Newspapers and PressReader, as well as many others.

eMovies and eMusic: Includes Hoopla, Kanopy and Naxos Streaming Library.

eLearning: Includes Creativebug, LinkedIn Learning, Mango Languages / LittlePim, Road to IELTS Academic, Road to IELTS General..

eMagazines: Includes Flipster.

eBooks and eAudiobooks: Includes AudioBookCloud, cloudLibrary, Hoopla, TeenBookCloud and TumbleBooks.

InterLibrary loan (ILLO):

Requests received: Monthly count of total ILLO material received from other libraries to fill customer requests.

Requests lent: Monthly count of total ILLO material loaned for requests received from other libraries.

Customer placed: Monthly count of ILLO material received to fill requests from OPL customers by account type (self-registered). *This does not account for requests that could not be filled.*

Staff placed: Monthly count of ILLO material received to fill requests from OPL customers by account type (staff generated). *This does not account for requests that could not be filled.*

Cardholders:

Active cardholders: A count of the borrowers registered with the library who have a last activity date within the last 2 years.

New cardholders: Count of new users added in a designated timeframe.

Total cardholders: this includes active cardholders plus other cardholders with an activity date within the last 7 years that owe fines to the library.

Active cardholders by usage date: Count of customers grouped by last activity date (6 months intervals). Ex. Number customers with last activity date in the last 6 months, number customers with last activity date from 6 months to 12 months, etc.

Active cardholders by age group: Count of active customers grouped by age range (0-12, 13-18, 19-55, etc.). Calculated from birthdate registered in Symphony when birthdate is available.

Programs and events:

Program: an organized activity that involves facilitation and is ultimately about a change in knowledge/skill/attitude. Can take place in internal or external facilities. *Examples include: Summer Reading, Babytimes/Storytimes, Ozobots etc.*

Program attendance: number of people who attended programs in a designated timeframe.

Programs – number of sessions: number of programs the library held or sponsored in a designated timeframe

Event: an organized activity whose primary focus is one or more of the following: fundraising; promotion, advocacy. *This category currently only lists Adult programs. Examples include: In Conversation with Series, Evening for Booklovers, etc.*

Event attendance: number of people who attended events in a designated timeframe.

Events – number of sessions: number of events the library held or sponsored in a designated timeframe.

Reach: representing virtual programming, this includes a mix of views and attendance. Instagram Live sessions are counted as viewer during live time, Zoom counts attendance and YouTube views are counted at 7 days after publishing.

Digital presence:

Website sessions: Count of sessions for opl.ca (a session is a group of interactions one user takes within 30 minutes on the defined website (opl.ca)) in a designated timeframe.

Bibliocommons sessions: Count of sessions for the catalogue in a designated timeframe.

Bibliocommons app sessions: Count of sessions for the mobile app in a designated timeframe. As of 2022, due to new privacy regulations, exact numbers are no longer available. Only users who agree to have their data shared are counted and this accounts for approximately 25% of users. As such, the number is calculated by multiplying the data available by 4.

Total Bibliocommons use: A count of the combined total of Bibliocommons sessions on the website and the Bibliocommons app sessions in a designated timeframe.

Facebook followers: count of Facebook users who have followed OPL as of a designated timeframe.

Instagram followers: count of Instagram users who have followed OPL as of a designated timeframe.

Twitter followers: count of Twitter users who have followed OPL as of a designated timeframe.

Impressions: the number of times any content from your page or about your page entered a person's screen (Facebook); the number of times a post and/or story has been seen (Instagram); the number of times users saw a post (Twitter).

Halton Information Providers:

HIP – database sessions: views of database pages in a designated timeframe.

HIP – average unique visitors: the average count of unique IP addresses accessing the database in a designated timeframe.

HIP – training sessions: number of training sessions offered in the community. This includes training provided to OPL staff.

HIP – outreach: number of times HIP had a booth at a community event.

HIP – database sessions from Oakville IPs: views of database pages that come from Oakville IPs in a designated timeframe.